

JSS COLLEGE OF ARTS, COMMERCE AND SCIENCE (An autonomous College of University of Mysuru) Re-accredited by NAAC with 'A' grade Ooty road, Mysuru-570 025, Karnataka

DEPARTMENT OF BIOCHEMISTRY

SYLLABUS

CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM

FOR B.Sc. PROGRAMME

Biochemistry, Microbiology & Biotechnology

Botany, Biochemistry & Microbiology

2020-2021

BSc- B.Sc UG- syllabus - Programme: Biochemistry, Microbiology & Biotechnology

Scheme for examination and assessment for B.Sc. Biochemistry under CBCS scheme 2019-20

Year	Sem	Course Type	Title of the Course	Course Code	Credit s	Maximum Marks in the Exam/ Assessment				Exam Duration	
I						SEE		IA			
1					L:T:P	Th	Pr	Th	Pr	Th	Pr
	Ι	DSC-1 Theory	Fundamentals Of Chemistry And Molecules Of Life	DMA 21006	4:0:0	70	-	30 (15+15)	-	3h	-
I BSc		DSC-1 Practicals	Fundamentals Of Chemistry And Molecules Of Life	DMA 21106	0:0:2	-	35	-	15 (7.5+7.5)	-	3h
1	п	DSC-2 Theory	Physiology	DMB 21006	4:0:0	70	-	30 (15+15)	-	3h	-
		DSC-2 Practicals	Physiology	DMB 21106	0:0:2	-	35	-	15 (7.5+7.5)	-	3h
1	ш	DSC-3 Theory	Enzymology & Bioenergetics	DMC 21006	4:0:0	70	-	30 (15+15)	-	3h	-
II BSc		DSC-3 Practicals	Enzymology & Bioenergetics	DMC 21106	0:0:2	-	35	-	15 (7.5+7.5)	-	3h
1	IV	DSC-4 Theory	Metabolism	DMD 21006	4:0:0	70	-	30 (15+15)	-	3h	-
		DSC-4 Practicals	Metabolism	DMD 21106	0:0:2	-	35	-	15 (7.5+7.5)	-	3h
l	v	DSE-1 Theory	No. Of Course 1 Nutritional Biochemistry	DME 21006	4:0:0	70	-	30	-	3h	-
l		DSE-1 Practicals	Nutritional Biochemistry	DME 21106	0:0:2	-	35	- (15+15)	15 (7.5+7.5)	-	3h
		DSE-2 Theory	Molecular Basis Of Infectious Diseases	DME 21206	4:0:0	70	-	30 (15+15)	-	3h	-
1		DSE-2 Practicals	Molecular Basis Of Infectious Diseases	DME 21306	0:0:2	-	35	-	15 (7.5+7.5)	-	3h
III		SEC 1- Theory	No. Of Course 1 Tools And Techniques In Biochemistry	DME 21406	2:0:0	35	-	15 (15+15)	-	2h	-
BSc		SEC 2- Theory	Clinical Biochemistry	DME 21606	2:0:0	35	-	15 (15+15)	-	2h	-
1	VI		No. Of Course 1								
		DSE-3 Theory	Advanced Cell Biology And Endocrinology	DMF 21006	4:0:0	70	-	30 (15+15)	-	3h	-
		DSE-3 Practicals	Advanced Cell Biology And Endocrinology	DMF 21106	0:0:2	-	35	-	15 (7.5+7.5)	-	3h
		DSE-4 Theory	Plant Biochemistry	DMF 21206	4:0:0	70	-	30 (15+15)	-	3h	_
		DSE-4 Practicals	Plant Biochemistry	DMF 21306	0:0:2	-	35	-	15 (7.5+7.5)	-	3h

Practical weightage

Component	Marks
Knowledge of relevant processes	30%
Skills and operations involved	50%
Result/ products including calculations and reporting	20%

B.Sc UG syllabus - Programme: Botany, Biochemistry & Microbiology

Scheme for examination and assessment for B.Sc. Biochemistry under CBCS scheme 2019-20

Year	Sem	Course Type	Title of the Course	Course Code	Credits	Maximum Marks in the Exam/ Assessment				Exam Duration	
						SEE		IA			
					L:T:P	Th	Pr	Th	Pr	Th	Pr
I BSc	I	DSC-1 Theory	Fundamentals Of Chemistry And Molecules Of Life	DMA 21007	4:0:0	70	-	30 (15+15)	-	3h	-
		DSC-1 Practicals	Fundamentals Of Chemistry And Molecules Of Life	DMA 21107	0:0:2	-	35	-	15 (7.5+7.5)	-	3h
	п	DSC-2 Theory	Physiology	DMB 21007	4:0:0	70	-	30 (15+15)	-	3h	-
		DSC-2 Practicals	Physiology	DMB 21107	0:0:2	-	35	-	15 (7.5+7.5)	-	3h
	Ш	DSC-3 Theory	Enzymology & Bioenergetics	DMC 21007	4:0:0	70	-	30 (15+15)	-	3h	-
II BSc		DSC-3 Practicals	Enzymology & Bioenergetics	DMC 21107	0:0:2	-	35	-	15 (7.5+7.5)	-	3h
	IV	DSC-4 Theory	Metabolism	DMD 21007	4:0:0	70	-	30 (15+15)	-	3h	-
		DSC-4 Practicals	Metabolism	DMD 21107	0:0:2	-	35	-	15 (7.5+7.5)	-	3h
	V		No. Of Course 1								
		DSE-1 Theory	Nutritional Biochemistry	DME 21007	4:0:0	70	-	30 (15+15)	-	3h	-
		DSE-1 Practicals	Nutritional Biochemistry	DME 21107	0:0:2	-	35	-	15 (7.5+7.5)	-	3h
		DSE-2 Theory	Molecular Basis Of Infectious Diseases	DME 21207	4:0:0	70	-	30 (15+15)	-	3h	-
		DSE-2 Practicals	Molecular Basis Of Infectious Diseases	DME 21307	0:0:2	-	35	-	15 (7.5+7.5)	-	3h
III		SEC 1- Theory	No. Of Course 1 Tools And Techniques In Biochemistry	DME 21407	2:0:0	35	-	15 (15+15)	-	2h	-
BSc		SEC 2- Theory	Clinical Biochemistry	DME 21607	2:0:0	35	-	15 (15+15)	-	2h	-
			No. Of Course 1								
	VI	DSE-3 Theory	Advanced Cell Biology And Endocrinology	DMF 21007	4:0:0	70	-	30 (15+15)	-	3h	-
		DSE-3 Practicals	Advanced Cell Biology And Endocrinology	DMF 21107	0:0:2	-	35	-	15 (7.5+7.5)	-	3h
		DSE-4 Theory	Plant Biochemistry	DMF 21207	4:0:0	70	-	30 (15+15)	-	3h	-
		DSE-4 Practicals	Plant Biochemistry	DMF 21307	0:0:2	-	35	-	15 (7.5+7.5)	-	3h

Practical weightage

Component	Marks
Knowledge of relevant processes	30%
Skills and operations involved	50%
Result/ products including calculations and reporting	20%

SCHEME OF VALUATION FOR PRACTICAL EXAMINATION

- A candidate appearing for the first time should submit a duly signed and certified practical record
- Each candidate has to perform one experiment in the specified duration of three hours for <u>FIFTEEN</u> marks
- Practical record has to be valued for <u>FIVE</u> marks by examiners at the time of examination
- Viva-voce for <u>FIVE</u> marks in practical is awarded by continuous assessment in the lab

<mark>Sl</mark> no	Component	Marks	
1	Write up of the experiment	05	
2	Conducting experiment	15	
3	Result	05	
4	Viva-voce	05	
5	Practical record	05	
	TOTAL	35	

Programme Outcome for Bachelor of Science in Biochemistry, Microbiology & Biotechnology

After completing the graduation in the Bachelor of Science the students are able to:

- PO1. Demonstrate the ability to justify and explain their thinking and/or approach
- **PO2**. Develop state-of-the-art laboratory and professional communication skills
- PO3. Apply the scientific method to design, execute, and analyze an experiment
- PO4. Explain scientific procedures and their experimental observations
- **PO5.**Demonstrate an understanding of fundamental biochemical principles, structure and function
- PO6. Work as a laboratory technician, biochemists or medical scientist
- PO7. Explain the processes used by microorganisms for the growth
- PO8. Explain the theoretical basis of tools, technologies and methods of microbiology
- PO9. Design and develop solution to Biotechnology problems
- PO10. Applying appropriate tools keeping in mind safety factor for environment & society
- PO11. Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern tools
- PO12. Support biotechnology research activity with strong technical background

Programme Specific Outcome

Bachelor of Science in Biochemistry, Microbiology & Biotechnology

After completing the graduation in the Bachelor of Science the students are able to;

PSO 1: Gain and understand biochemical and molecular processes

PSO2: Communicate scientific information effectively, relating to microbes and their role in ecosystem and health

PSO3: Acquire, articulate, retain and demonstrate laboratory safety skills

PSO4: Demonstrate applications of biochemical and biological sciences

PSO5: Apply appropriate tools and techniques in biotechnological manipulation

PSO6: Understand the responsibilities of biotechnological practices

Programme Outcome for Bachelor of Science in Botany, Biochemistry & Microbiology

After completing the graduation in the Bachelor of Science the students are able to:

- **PO1.** Identify the taxonomic position of plants using principles and methods of nomenclature and classification in Botany
- PO2. Understand the impact of the plant diversity in societal and environmental context
- PO3.Demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development
- **PO4.** Use interdisciplinary approaches with quantitative skills to work on biological problems
- PO5. Demonstrate the ability to justify and explain their thinking and/or approach
- PO6. Develop state-of-the-art laboratory and professional communication skills
- PO7. Apply the scientific method to design, execute, and analyze an experiment
- PO8. Explain scientific procedures and their experimental observations
- **PO9.**Demonstrate an understanding of fundamental biochemical principles, structure and function
- PO10. Work as a laboratory technician, biochemists or medical scientist
- PO11. Explain the processes used by microorganisms for the growth

PO12. Explain the theoretical basis of the tools, technologies and methods of microbiology

Programme Specific Outcome

Bachelor of Science in Botany, Biochemistry & Microbiology

After completing the graduation in the Bachelor of Science the students are able to;

PSO 1: Demonstrate applications of biochemical and biological sciences

PSO2: Inculcating proficiency in all experimental techniques and methods of analysis

PSO3: Acquire, articulate, retain and demonstrate laboratory safety skills

PSO4: Communicate scientific information effectively, relating to microbes and their role in ecosystem and health

PSO5: Gain proper procedures and regulations in handling and disposal of chemicals

PSO6: Understand biochemical and molecular processes that occur in and between the cells

DMA21006/ DMA21007

SEMESTER I

CORE: FUNDAMENTALS OF CHEMISTRY AND MOLECULES OF LIFE

(Credits: Theory – 04, Practical – 02)

Theory: 60 Hrs

Course Outcome:

After completion of the course the student is able to

- **CO1:** Understand in detail with examples stereo-chemistry
- **CO2:** Specify the characteristics of carbohydrates & glycobiology
- **CO3:** Learn the characteristics of proteins
- CO4: Understand the classification and characteristics of vitamins
- **Unit : 1 THE FOUNDATIONS OF BIOCHEMISTRY :** Cellular and chemical **2 Hrs** foundations of life
- **Unit : 2 WATER:** Unique properties, weak interactions in aqueous systems, **4 Hrs** ionization of water, buffers, water as a reactant and fitness of the aqueous environment.
- **Unit : 3 CONCENTRATION UNITS:** Mole, Mole fraction, Molality, Molarity and **1 Hrs** Normality (problems to be worked out).
- Unit : 4 STEREOCHEMISTRY: Stereoisomerism, types.Geometrical Isomerism-Cis Trans & E/Z nomenclature. Optical Isomerism- asymmetric carbon atom, Optical activity, plane polarized light, Chirality, Specfic molecular rotation, Projection formula- Fischer & Newman projection formulae, optical isomerism in Glyceraldehyde, Lactic acid, Tartaric acid. Nomenclature of enantiomers - D and L system, Recimisation and resolution (biochemical method)
- Unit: 5 REACTION MECHANISM: Concept of inductive, mesomeric and 3 Hrs resonance.effect.Concept of the reaction intermediates- carbanions, carbocations, free radicals, carbenes. Nucleophiles and Electrophiles.
- Unit : 6 CARBOHYDRATES & GLYCOBIOLOGY: Monosaccharides structure 12 Hrs of aldoses and ketoses, ring structure of sugars, conformations of sugars, mutarotation, anomers, epimers and enantiomers, oxidation of sugars. Formation of disaccharides, reducing and nonreducing disaccharides. Polysaccharides homo- and heteropolysaccharides, structural and storage polysaccharides. Structure and role of proteoglycans, glycoproteins and glycolipids (gangliosides and lipopolysaccharides).
- Unit : 7 LIPIDS: Building blocks of lipids fatty acids, glycerol, ceramide. Storage 12 Hrs lipids triacyl glycerol and waxes. Structural lipids in membranes-glycerophospholipids, galactolipids and sulpholipids, sphingolipids and sterols, structure, distribution and role of membrane lipids. Saponification value, Iodine value, Peroxide value, Acid value and their significance. Eicosanoids: Definition, types, Prostaglandins: Definition, biological functions, structure of PGE1 & E2 and PGF1&F2.

Thromboxans and leukotrienes- Biological roles.

Unit : 8 AMINO ACIDS & PROTEINS: Structure and classification, physical, 9 Hrs chemical and optical properties of amino acids

Peptide bond - Formation and structure. Structure and biological importance of Glutathione, Oxytosine, Vasopressine, Endorphene. Synthetic peptides – importance of polyglutamic acid, polylysine.

Classification of proteins based on structure with examples. Primary structure of proteins – Determination of amino acid composition, determination of N- and C- terminal amino acids, sequencing by Edman's degradation method. Secondary structure: - a Helix, b- sheet, b barrel and b turn. Tertiary structure – Fibrousproteins (collagen) and Globular proteins (Myoglobin). Quaternary Structure – hemoglobin, Denaturation and renaturation of proteins by Anfinsen's experiment.

- Unit: 9 NUCLEIC ACIDS: Nucleotides structure and properties. Nucleic acid 6 Hrs structure Watson-Crick model of DNA. Structure of major species of RNA mRNA, tRNA and rRNA. Nucleic acid chemistry UV absorption, effect of acid and alkali on DNA.
- **Unit: 10 VITAMINS:** Structure and active forms of water soluble and fat soluble **5 Hrs** vitamins.

DMA 21106/ DMA 21107

PRACTICALS

- **1** Safety measures in laboratories.
- 2 Preparation of normal and molar solutions.
- **3** Preparation of buffers.
- 4 Determination of pKa of acetic acid and glycine.
- 5 Qualitative tests for carbohydrates.
- **6** Qualitative tests for lipids.
- 7 Qualitative tests for amino acids, proteins.
- 8 Qualitative tests for nucleic acids.
- 9 Estimation of amino acid by formal titration
- 10 Determination of Acid value of an oil or fat
- **11** Preparation of ZnSO₄ standard solution, standardization of aproximatly N/10 EDTA solution and estimation of total hardness of water using Erichrome black –T indicator.
- **12** Preparation of standard sodium carbonate solution. Standardization of aproximatly N/10 NaOH and estimation of HCl in the given solution.
- **13** Determination of density the given protein solution or liquid using specific gravity bottle and viscosity by using ostwald's viscometer.
- 14 Conductometric titration of Amino acid against astrong base.

Reference:

1. Lehninger: Principles of Biochemistry (2013) 6th ed., Nelson, D.L. and Cox, M.M., W.H.Freeman and Company (New York), ISBN:13: 978-1-4641-0962-1 / ISBN:10:1-4292-3414-8.

2. Textbook of Biochemistry with Clinical Correlations (2011) 7th ed., Devlin, T.M., JohnWiley & Sons, Inc. (New York), ISBN:978-0-470-28173-4.

SEMESTER II

CORE: PHYSIOLOGY

(Credits: Theory – 04, Practical – 02)

Theory: 60 Hrs

Course Outcome:

After completion of the course the student is able to;

- CO1: Understand in depth cardiovascular physiology
- **CO2:** Specify the characteristics of renal physiology
- CO3: Deliberate the detail of musculoskeletal system
- CO4: Learn the detail of reproductive physiology
 - Unit: 1 HOMEOSTASIS & THE ORGANIZATION OF BODY FLUID 8 Hrs COMPARTMENTS: Intracellular, extracellular and interstitial fluid. Homeostasis, control system and their components. Plasma as an extracellular fluid, RBC, molecular mechanism of blood coagulation, role of vitamin K in coagulation, anticoagulant and fibrinolytic systems. Anemias, polycythemia, haemophilia and thrombosis
 - Unit: 2 CARDIOVASCULAR PHYSIOLOGY: Anatomy of heart. Physiology of the cardiac muscle. Ventricular volumes and the ECG, control of cardiac function and output. The arterial system, venous system and the microcirculation. Portal circulations. Hypertension, congestive heart disease, atherosclerosis and myocardial infarction.
 - **Unit: 3 RESPIRATION**: Mechanism of respiration. Principles of gas exchange **6 Hrs** and transport. Regulation of respiration. Pulmonary oedema and regulation of pleural fluid. Hypoxia, emphasema.
 - Unit: 4 RENAL PHYSIOLOGY: Anatomy of the kidney and the nephron. 7 Hrs Regulation of renal blood flow. Cell biology of the Bowmans' capsule. Physiology of glomerular filtration and GFR. Tubular reabsorption and secretion. Blood buffer systems, renal and pulmonary control of blood pH. Assessment of kidney function. Acidosis and alkalosis. Glomerular nephritis, renal failure and dialysis.
 - Unit: 5 GASTROINTESTINAL & HEPATIC PHYSIOLOGY: Propulsion and 7 Hrs motility of food and digested material.digestion and absorption of macro and micronutrients. Peptic ulcer, Sprue, celiac disease, IBD, regurgitation, diarrhoea and constipation. Anatomy of the hepatic lobule and blood flow into the liver. Formation and secretion of bile. enterohepatic cycle, metabolic importance of liver. Liver function tests. Jaundice.
 - **Unit :6 MUSCULOSKETETAL SYSTEM:** Bone structure and formation. **4 Hrs** Physiology of muscle contraction in striated and non-striated muscle.

- Unit: 7 REPRODUCTIVE PHYSIOLOGY: Sex determination and 7 Hrs differentiation. Development of female and male genital tracts. Spermatogenesis, capacitation and transport of sperm, blood testis barrier. Ovarian function and its control. Uterine changes, fertilization and implantation. Placenta as a feto- maternal unit, gestation and parturition.
- Unit :8NEUROCHEMISTRY & NEUROPHYSIOLOGY: Central Nervous
system. Peripheral Nervous system. Blood brain barrier and CSF.
Membrane potentials. Synaptic transmission. Neurotransmitters.6 Hrs
- **Unit :9 PLANT RESPIRATION:** Overview of glycolysis, Alternative reactions **7 Hrs** of glycolysis, Regulation of plant glycolysis, Translocation of metabolites across mitochondrial membrane, TCA cycle, Alternative NAD(P)H oxidative pathways; Cyanide resistant respiration.

DMB21106 / DMB21107 PRACTICALS

- 1 Hematology
- 2 RBC counting
- **3** WBC counting
- 4 Clotting time
- **5** Determination of ABO blood group
- 6 Estimation of serum phospholipids
- 7 Qualitative analysis of abnormal constituents of urine Glucose, albumin, bile pigments, bile salts & ketone bodies
- 8 Determination of titrable acidity of urine
- 9 Pulmonary function tests, spirometry and measurement of blood pressure.
- **10** Separation of isoenzymes of LDH by electrophoresis.
- 11 Histology of connective tissue- liver, kidney, lungs and stomach permanent slides.
- 12 Case studies (Renal clearance, GFR, ECG).
- 13 Demonstration of ELISA
- 14 Identification of PMN leucocytes from human peripheral blood sample by staining

Note: Minimum of ten experiments to be done. Reference:

1. Vander's Human Physiology (2008) 11th ed., Widmaier, E.P., Raff, H. and Strang, K.T., McGraw Hill International Publications (New York), ISBN: 978-0-07-128366-3.

2. Harper's Biochemistry (2012) 29th ed., Murray, R.K., Granner, D.K., Mayes and P.A., Rodwell, V.W., Lange Medical Books/McGraw Hill. ISBN:978-0-07-176-576-3.

3. Textbook of Medical Physiology (2011) 10th ed., Guyton, A.C. and Hall, J.E., Reed Elseviers India Pvt. Ltd. (New Delhi). ISBN: 978-1-4160-4574-8.

4. Fundamental of Anatomy and Physiology (2009), 8th ed., Martini, F.H. and Nath, J.L., Pearson Publications (San Francisco), ISBN: 10:0-321-53910-9 / ISBN: 13: 978-0321-539106

DMC21006 / DMC21007

SEMESTER III

CORE: ENZYMOLOGY & BIOENERGETICS

(Credits: Theory – 04, Practical – 02)

Theory: 60 Hrs

Course Outcome: After completion of the course the student is able to;

- CO1: Learn the characteristics of enzyme kinetics
- CO2: Learn in depth enzyme inhibitions
- **CO3:** Specify in detail with examples enzyme activity
- CO4: Understand the classification and characteristics of bioenergetics
 - Unit: 1 INTRODUCTION TO ENZYMES: Nature of enzymes protein and 02 Hrs non-protein (ribozyme). Cofactor and prosthetic group, apoenzyme, holoenzyme. IUBMB classification of enzymes.
 - Unit: 2 FEATURES OF ENZYME CATALYSIS: Factors affecting the rate of 06 Hrs chemical reactions, activation energy and transition state theory. Catalytic power and specificity of enzymes (concept of active site), Fischer's lock and key hypothesis, Koshland's induced fit hypothesis.
 - Unit: 3 ENZYME KINETICS: Relationship between initial velocity and 08 Hrs substrate concentration, Michaelis-Menten equation, Lineweaver-Burk plot, Eadie-Hofstee and Hanes plot. Km and Vmax, Kcat and turnover number. Effect of pH, temperature and metal ions on the activity of enzyme.
 - Unit : 4 ENZYME INHIBITION: Reversible inhibition (competitive, 05 Hrs uncompetitive, non-competitive). Mechanism based inhibitors – antibiotics as inhibitors
 - Unit : 5 MECHANISM OF ACTION OF ENZYMES: General features 05 Hrs proximity and orientation, strain and distortion, acid base and covalent catalysis (chymotrypsin, lysozyme).
 - Unit: 6 REGULATION OF ENZYME ACTIVITY: Control of activities of 06 Hrs single enzymes (end product inhibition) and metabolic pathways, feedback inhibition (aspartate transcarbomoylase). Occurrence and isolation, phylogenetic distribution and properties (pyruvate dehydrogenase, fatty acyl synthase) Isoenzymes – properties and physiological significance (lactate dehydrogenase).
 - Unit : 7 INVOLVEMENT OF COENZYMES IN ENZYME CATALYSED 06 Hrs REACTIONS: TPP, FAD, NAD, Pyridoxal Phosphate, Biotin, Coenzyme A, Tetrahydrofolate, Lipoic Acid.
 - Unit: 8 APPLICATIONS OF ENZYMES: Application of enzymes in 06 Hrs diagnostics (SGPT, SGOT, creatine kinase, alkaline and acid

phosphatases), enzyme immunoassay (HRPO), enzyme therapy (Streptokinase). Immobilized enzymes.

- Unit:9 INTRODUCTION TO BIOENERGETICS: Laws of 08 Hrs thermodynamics, equilibrium constant, coupled reactions, energy charge, ATP cycle, phosphorylation potential, phosphoryl group transfers. Chemical basis of high standard energy of hydrolysis of ATP, other phosphorylated compounds and thioesters. Redox reactions, standard redox potentials and Nernst equation. Universal electron carriers.
- Unit: 10 OXIDATIVE PHOSPHORYLATION: Mitochondria. Electron 08 Hrs transport chain its organization and function. Inhibitors of ETC and uncouplers. Peter Mitchell's chemiosmotic hypothesis. Proton motive force. Fo F1ATP synthase, structure and mechanism of ATP synthesis. Metabolite transporters in mitochondria. Regulation of oxidative phosphorylation. ROS production and antioxidant mechanisms. Thermogenesis. Alternative respiratory pathways in plants.

DMC21106/DMC21107 PRACTICALS

- 1 Determination of activity of Salivary amylase by DNS
- 2 Determination of specific activity of Salivary amylase by DNS
- **3** Determination of optimum temperature and energy of activation of Salivary amylase.
- 4 Determination of pH optimum of Salivary amylase.
- 5 Determination of Km and Vmax of Salivary amylase
- 6 Determination of initial velocity (time Kinetics) of Salivary amylase.
- 7 Effect of activators (Nacl) on Salivary amylase activity
- 8 Assay of enzyme activity of acid phosphatase.
- **9** Assay of specific activity of acid phosphatase.
- **10** Separation of photosynthetic pigments by coloumn chromatography
- **11** Partial purification of acid phosphatase from germinating mung bean.
- 12 Enzyme inhibition calculation of Ki for competitive inhibition.
- **13** Estimation of SGOT
- **14** Estimation of SGPT

Note: Minimum of ten experiments to be done.

- Lehninger: Principles of Biochemistry (2013) 6th ed., Nelson, D.L. and Cox, M.M., W.H.Freeman and Company (New York), ISBN:13: 978-1-4641-0962-1/ ISBN:10:1-4292-3414-8.
- **2.** Biochemistry (2011) 4th ed., Donald, V. and Judith G.V., John Wiley & Sons Asia Pvt.Ltd. (New Jersey), ISBN:978-1180-25024.
- **3.** Fundamentals of Enzymology (1999) 3rd ed., Nicholas C.P. and Lewis S., Oxford University Press Inc. (New York), ISBN:0 19 850229 X.

DMD21006 / DMD21007

SEMESTER IV

CORE: METABOLISM

(Credits: Theory – 04, Practical – 02)

Theory: 60 Hrs

Course Outcome:

After completion of the course the student is able to;

- CO1: Specify the detail of metabolism of lipids
- CO2: Understand the detail of metabolism of carbohydrates
- CO3: Deliberate the characteristics of metabolism of proteins
- CO4: Understand the detail of metabolism of nucleic acids
 - Unit:1 INTRODUCTION TO METABOLISM: Anabolism and catabolism, 02 Hrs compartmentalization of metabolic pathways.
 - Unit : 2 METABOLISM OF CARBOHYDRATES: Glycolysis reactions, 10 Hrs regulation and energetics. Entry of other carbohydrates (Fructose, Galactose and Mannose) into glycolytic pathway. Fates of pyruvate – Under airobic and anaerobic conditions (conversion of pyruvate to lactate, alcohol and acetyl coA.
 - Unit: 3 CITRIC ACID CYCLE: Reactions, regulation and energetics. 10 Hrs Amphibolic and integrating roles of TCA cycle. Anaplerosis. Pentose Phosphate pathway and its significance. Cori cycle - its significance. Rapoport and luebering cycle, Gluconeogenesis pathway & their significance.
 - Unit: 4Uronic acid pathway Reactions and its significance.06 HrsGlyoxalate pathway Reactions and its significance.Glycogen metabolism glycogenolysis and glycogen synthesis and its
regulationregulation
 - Unit: 5 METABOLISM OF LIPIDS 1: Oxidation of fatty acid α , β and ω 08 Hrs oxidation of saturated fatty acids, Energetics of β oxidation. Biosynthesis of even number saturated fatty acids, ketone bodies-formation and its significance.
 - **Unit: 6 METABOLISM OF LIPIDS 2:** Bio synthesis of triglycerides, **08 Hrs** glycolipids, phospholipids and spingolipids. Cholesterol Outline of biosynthesis and its degradation
 - Unit :7 METABOLISM OF AMINO ACIDS: General reaction of amino acid degradation Transamination, deamination and decarboxylation (oxidative and non oxidative). Ketogenic and glucogenic amino acids. Urea cycle and its significance. Biosynthesis of amino acids (Phenyl alanine and Glutamic acid) and their degradation.

Unit: 8 NUCLEIC ACID METABOLISM: Degradation of Nucleic acids by **08 Hrs** DNase I & II, pancreatic RNase and phosphodiesterases. Biosynthesis and degradartion of purine and pyrimidine nucleotides, salwage pathways, regulation of purine and pyrimidine synthesis.

DMD21106/ DMD21107 PRACTICALS

- **1** Glucose by DNS method.
- 2 Amino acid by Ninhydrine method.
- **3** Protein by Lowry's method.
- 4 Urea by DAMO or nitroprusside method.
- **5** Creatinine by Jaffe's method.
- 6 Inorganic Phosphate by Fiske and Subbarow's method.
- 7 Iron by Wong's method.
- 8 Ketoacids by DNPH method
- **9** Glycogen by anthrone method
- 10 Cholesterol by Zak's method
- **11** Isolation of phospholipids by egg yolk
- 12 Isolation of cholesterol from egg yolk and its estimation.
- **13** Separation of plasma proteins
- **14** Protein by Biuret method

Note: Minimum of ten experiments to be done.

- Lehninger: Principles of Biochemistry (2013) 6th ed., Nelson, D.L. and Cox, M.M., W.H.Freeman and Company (New York), ISBN:13:978-1-4641-0962-1 / ISBN:10:1-4641-0962-1.
- Textbook of Biochemistry with Clinical Correlations (2011) 7th ed., Devlin, T.M., JohnWiley & Sons, Inc. (New York), ISBN: 978-0-470-28173-4 / BRV ISBN: 978-0-470-60152-5.

DME21006/ DME21007

DSE -1: NUTRITIONAL BIOCHEMISTRY

SEMESTER V

(Credits: Theory – 04, Practical – 01)

Theory: 60 Hrs

Course Outcome:

After completion of the course the student is able to;

- CO1: Understand the characteristics of energy metabolism
- **CO2:** Specify the characteristics of dietary carbohydrates
- **CO3:** Identify in detail with examples dietary lipid & health
- **CO4:** Understand the characteristics of minerals

Unit: 1 INTRODUCTION TO NUTRITION & ENERGY METABOLISM 09

09 Hrs

Defining Nutrition, role of nutrients. Unit of energy, Biological oxidation of foodstuff. Measurement of energy content of food, Physiological energy value of foods, SDA.

Measurement of energy expenditure. Direct and Indirect Calorimetry, factors affecting thermogenesis, energy utilization by cells, energy output – Basal and Resting metabolism, physical activity, factors affecting energy input - hunger, appetite, energy balance Energy expenditure in man. Estimating energy requirements, BMR factors Recommended Nutrient Intakes (RNI) and Recommended Dietary Allowances for different age groups (Adult man, women and children).

Unit: 2 DIETARY CARBOHYDRATES & HEALTH: Review functions of 07 Hrs carbohydrates. Digestion, absorption, utilization and storage, hormonal regulation of blood glucose. Dietary requirements and source of carbohydrates, blood glucose level.

Unit :3 DIETARY LIPID & HEALTH: Review of classification, sources, 08 Hrs functions, digestion, absorption, utilization and storage. Essential Fatty Acids; Functions of EFA, RDA, – excess and deficiency of EFA. Lipotropic factors, role of saturated fat, cholesterol, lipoprotein and triglycerides. Importance of the following: a) Omega – fatty acids. Omega 3/ omega 6 ratio b) Phospholipids c) Cholesterol in the body d) Mono, Polyunsaturated and Saturated Fatty Acids.

- Unit: 4 DIETARY PROTEINS & HEALTH: Review of functions of proteins in the body, Digestion and absorption. Essential and Nonessential amino acids. Amino acid Supplementation. Effects of deficiency. Food source and Recommended Dietary Allowances for different age group. Amino acid pool. NPU, Biological Value, Nitrogen balance. PEM and Kwashiorkor.
- Unit :5 FAT & WATER SOLUBLE VITAMINS: Vitamin A, C, E, K and D
 10 Hrs Dietary sources, RDA, Absorption, Distribution, Metabolism and excretion (ADME), Deficiency. Role of Vitamin A as an antioxidant, in Visual cycle, dermatology and immunity. Role of Vitamin K in Gamma carboxylation. Role of Vitamin E as an antioxidant. Role of Vitamin D and its effect on

bone physiology.

Hypervitaminosis. Vitamin C role as cofactor in amino acid modifications. Niacin- Metabolic interrelation between tryptophan, Niacin and NAD/ NADP. Vitamin B6-Dietary source, RDA, conversion to Pyridoxal Phosphate. Role in metabolism, Biochemical basis for deficiency symptoms. Vitamin B12 and folate; Dietary source, RDA, absorption, metabolic role Biochemical basis for deficiency symptoms.

- Unit: 6 MINERALS: Calcium, Phosphorus and Iron Distribution in the body 09 Hrs digestion, Absorption, Utilization, Transport, Excretion, Deficiency, Sources, RDA.
 Iodine, Fluoride, Mg, Cu, Zn, Se, Manganese Absorption, Utilization, Transport, Excretion, Deficiency, Sources, RDA.
- Unit: 7 ASSESSMENT OF NUTRITIONAL STATUS: Anthropometric 05 Hrs measurements; Z scores, BMI, skinfold, circumference ratios. Biochemical assessment; Basal metabolic panel, Comprehensive metabolic panel, CBC, Urine Analysis, Assessment of Anemia, ROS assessment.
- Unit: 8 FOOD & DRUG INTERACTIONS & NUTRICEUTICALS: Nutrient 04 Hrs interactions affecting ADME of drugs, Alcohol and nutrient deficiency, Antidepressants, psychoactive drugs and nutrient interactions.

DME21106/ DME21107 PRACTICALS

- **1** Bioassay for vitamin B12/B1.
- 2 Extraction of oil from oil seeds by soxlet.
- 3 Separation of sugars by circular paper chromatography
- 4 Anthropometric identifications for Kwashiorkor, Marasmus and Obesity.
- 5 Extraction of cafein from tea leaves
- 6 Vitamin A/E estimation in serum.
- 7 Determination of moisture content of food sample
- 8 Detection of adulterants in food.
- 9 Estimation of Calcium in ragi.
- 10 Estimation of Vitamin C in lemon or gooseberries by DPPH method
- 11 Estimation of Lactose in milk by Benedict's method
- 12 Estimation of iron in drumsticks
- **13** Determination of iodine value of an oil or fat
- 14 Determination of saponification value of an oil or fat

Note: Minimum of eight experiments to be done.

- 1. Textbook of Biochemistry with Clinical Correlations (2011) Devlin, T.M. John Wiley & Sons, Inc. (New York), ISBN: 978-0-4710-28173-4.
- **2.** Nutrition for health, fitness and sport (2013) Williams.M.H,Anderson,D.E, Rawson,E.S. McGraw Hill international edition. ISBN-978-0-07-131816-7.

- **3.** Krause's Food and Nutrition Care process (2012); Mahan, L.K Strings, S.E, Raymond, J. Elsevier's Publications. ISBN- 978-1-4377-2233-8.
- **4.** The vitamins, Fundamental aspects in Nutrition and Health (2008); G.F. Coombs Jr. Elsevier's Publications. ISBN-13- 978-0-12- 183493-7.
- 5. Principles of Nutritional Assessment (2005) Rosalind Gibson. Oxford University Press.

DME21206 / DME21207

SEMESTER V

DSE -2: MOLECULAR BASIS OF INFECTIOUS DISEASES

(Credits: Theory – 04, Practical – 01)

Theory: 60 Hrs

Course Outcome:

After completion of the course the student is able to;

- CO1: Deliberate in depth infectious agents
- CO2: Learn the detail of bacterial diseases
- CO3: Understand the detail of viral diseases
- CO4: Learn the characteristics of fungal diseases
- Unit : 1 CLASSIFICATION OF INFECTIOUS AGENTS: Bacteria, Viruses, 12 Hrs protozoa and fungi. Past and present emerging and re-emerging infectious diseases and pathogens. Source, reservoir and transmission of pathogens, Antigenic shift and antigenic drift. Host parasite relationship, types of infections associated with parasitic organisms. Overview of viral and bacterial pathogenesis. Infection and evasion
- Unit: 2 OVERVIEW OF DISEASES CAUSED BY BACTERIA: Detailed 18 Hrs study of tuberculosis: History, causative agent, molecular basis of host specificity, infection and pathogenicity, Diagnostics, Therapeutics, inhibitors and vaccines. Drug resistance and implications on public health. Other bacterial diseases including Typhoid, Diphtheria, Pertussis, Tetanus, Typhoid and Pneumonia.
- Unit: 3 OVERVIEW OF DISEASES CAUSED BY VIRUSES: Detailed study 12 Hrs of AIDS, history, causative agent, pathogenesis, Diagnostics, Drugs and inhibitors. Other viral diseases including hepatitis, influenza, rabies, chikungunya and polio.
- Unit: 4 OVERVIEW OF DISEASES CAUSED BY PARASITES: Detailed 08 Hrs study of Malaria, history, causative agents, Vectors, life cycle, Host parasite interactions, Diagnostics, Drugs and Inhibitors, Resistance, Vaccine development. Other diseases including leishmaniasis, amoebiasis.
- Unit :5 OVERVIEW OF DISEASES CAUSED BY OTHER ORGANISMS: 10 Hrs Fungal diseases, General characteristics. Medical importance of major groups, pathogenesis, treatment.

DME21306/ DME21307 PRACTICALS

- 1 WIDAL test
- 2 Gram staining
- **3** Acid fast staining
- 4 PCR based diagnosis
- **5** Preparation of media.

- **6** Isolation of bacteria from soil
- 7 Isolation of bacteria from water
- 8 Structural staining- (cellwall and endospore of bacteria).
- 9 Simple staining and Negative staining
- 10 Effect of temperature on growth of microorganisms
- **11** Effect of pH on growth of microorganisms
- 12 Demonstration of Bacterial Conjugation
- **13** Demonstration of bacterial transformation and transduction
- 14 Photographic demonstration of infectious diseases

Note: Minimum of eight experiments to be done.

- Prescott, Harley, Klein's Microbiology (2008) 7th Ed., Willey, J.M., Sherwood, L.M., Woolverton, C.J. Mc Graw Hill International Edition (New York) ISBN: 978-007-126727.
- 2. Mandell, Douglas and Bennett.S, Principles and practices of Infectious diseases, 7th edition, Volume, 2. Churchill Livingstone Elsevier.
- **3.** Sherris Medical Microbiology: An Introduction to Infectious Diseases by Kenneth J.Ryan, C. George Ray, Publisher: McGraw-Hill.
- **4.** Medical Microbiology by Patrick R. Murray, Ken S. Rosenthal, Michael A. Pfaller, Elsevier Health Sciences

SEMESTER V

SEC-1: TOOLS AND TECHNIQUES IN BIOCHEMISTRY

(Credits: Theory – 02)

Theory: 30 Hrs

Course Outcome: After completion of the course the student is able to;

- CO1: Understand in depth chromatography
- CO2: Learn in depth electrophoresis technique
- CO3: Deliberate the characteristics of centrifugation
- CO4: Understand in detail with examples spectrophotometry
- Unit : 1 BIOCHEMICAL REAGENTS & SOLUTIONS: Safety practices in the laboratory. Preparation and storage of solutions. Concepts of solution concentration and storing solutions. Quantitative transfer of liquids. Concept of a buffer, Henderson-Hasselbach equation, working of a pH meter.
 Exercise Preparation of a buffer of given pH and molarity.
- Unit: 2 Chromatography- Definition, types, Principles of Adsorption and Partition chromatography. Techniques of circular, 2D chromatography, Thin Layer Chromatography- and its advantages Column chromatography Principle and applications of Gel Filtration chromatography, HPLC
- Unit: 3 Electrophoresis: Principle and applications of electrophoresis 03 Hrs technique- PAGE, SDS PAGE
- **Unit : 4** Centrifugation: Principle of differential and density gradient **03 Hrs** centrifugation. Ultra centrifuge construction and applications

Unit: 5 SPECTROPHOTOMETRIC TECHNIQUES: Principle and 05 Hrs instrumentation of UV-visible and fluorescence spectroscopy.
 Exercises
 Determination of the absorption maxima and molar extinction coefficient (of a relevant organic molecule).
 Measurement of fluorescence spectrum.
 Determination of concentration of a protein solution by Lowry/BCA method.

Unit :6 Introduction and importance of virtual labs in biochemistry 06 Hrs

- 1. Physical Biochemistry: Principles and Applications (2010) 2nd ed., Sheehan, D., Wiley Blackwell (West Sussex), ISBN:978-0-470-85602-4 / ISBN:978-0-470-85603-1.
- **2.** Physical Biochemistry: Applications to Biochemistry and Molecular Biology (1982) 2nd ed., Freifelder, D., W.H. Freeman and Company, ISBN:0-7167-1315-2/ISBN:0-7167-1444-2.
- **3.** An Introduction to Practical Biochemistry (1998) 3rd ed., Plummer D. T., Tata McGraw Hill Education Pvt. Ltd. (New Delhi), ISBN:13: 978-0-07-099487-4 / ISBN:10: 0-07-099487-0.

DME21606/ DME21607

SEMESTER V

SEC-2: CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY

(Credits: Theory – 02)

Theory: 30 Hrs

Course Outcome: After completion of the course the student is able to;

- **CO1:** Specify the characteristics of clinical laboratory
- CO2: Identify in depth blood glucose
- CO3: Deliberate the detail of lipid profile
- **CO4:** Learn in detail with examples cardiovascular diseases
 - Unit : 1 INTRODUCTION: Organization of clinical laboratory, Introduction 04 Hrs to instrumentation and automation in clinical biochemistry laboratories safety regulations and first aid. General comments on specimen collection, types of specimen for biochemical analysis. Precision, accuracy, quality control, precautions and limitations.
 Exercises
 Collection of blood and storage.
 Separation and storage of serum.
 - Unit :2 EVALUATION OF BIOCHEMICAL CHANGES IN DISEASES: 04 Hrs Basic hepatic, renal and cardiovascular physiology. Biochemical symptoms associated with disease and their evaluation. Diagnostic biochemical profile.
 - Unit: 3 ASSESSMENT OF GLUCOSE METABOLISM IN BLOOD: 04 Hrs Clinical significance of variations in blood glucose. Diabetes mellitus.

Exercises

Estimation of blood glucose by glucose oxidase peroxidase method.

- Unit :4 LIPID PROFILE: Composition and functions of lipoproteins. 04 Hrs Clinical significance of elevated lipoprotein.
 Exercises Estimation of triglycerides.
- Unit :5LIVER FUNCTION TESTS04 HrsExercisesEstimation of bilirubin (direct and indirect).04 Hrs
- Unit: 6 RENAL FUNCTION TESTS & URINE ANALYSIS: Use of urine 06 Hrs strip / dipstick method for urine analysis.
 Exercises
 Quantitative determination of serum creatinine and urea.
- Unit: 7 TESTS FOR CARDIOVASCULAR DISEASES: Involvement of 04 Hrs enzymes in diagnostics of heart disease including aspartate

transaminase, isoenzymes of creatine kinase and lactate dehydrogenase and troponin. **Exercises** Estimation of creatine kinase MB.

- Medical Laboratory Technology a Procedure Manual for Routine Diagnostic Tests Vol.I (2010), Mukherjee, K.L., Tata Mc Graw–Hill Publishing Company Limited (New Delhi). ISBN: 9780070076594 / ISBN: 9780070076631.
- Medical Laboratory Technology a Procedure Manual for Routine Diagnostic Tests VoI. II (2010), Mukherjee, K.L., Tata Mc Graw – Hill Publishing Company Ltd. (New Delhi), ISBN: 9780070076648.
- **3.** Medical Biochemistry (2005) 2nd ed., Baynes, J.W. and Dominiczak, M.H., Elsevier Mosby Ltd. (Philadelphia), ISBN:0-7234-3341-0.

SEMESTER VI

DSE-1: ADVANCED CELL BIOLOGY AND ENDOCRINOLOGY

(Credits: Theory – 04, Practical – 01)

Theory: 60 Hrs

Course Outcome: After completion of the course the student is able to;

- CO1: Learn the detail of cell membrane
- **CO2:** Understand in detail with examples cell-cell interactions
- CO3: Identify in depth endocrine organs
- CO4: Deliberate the detail of immunohistochemistry
 - Unit : 1 PLASMA MEMBRANE & NUCLEAR TRANSPORT: Properties 08 Hrs and Composition of Cell Membrane; Structure of Nuclear Envelope; Nuclear Pore Complex; Transport Across Nuclear Envelope; Regulation of Nuclear Protein Import and Export.
 - Unit: 2 CELL-CELL INTERACTION: Cell-Cell Interactions and Cell-Matrix Interactions; Components of Extracellular Matrix: Collagen and Non-Collagen Components; Tight Junctions; Gap Junctions; Desmosomes; Hemidesmosomes; Focal Adhesions And Plasmodesmata; Cell Wall; Role Of Cell Interaction In Development.
 - Unit :3 CELL CYCLE & PROGRAMMED CELL DEATH: Overview of The Cell Cycle; Eukaryotic Cell Cycle; Events Of Mitotic Phase; Cytokinesis; Events Of Meiosis And Fertilization; Regulation Of Cell Division And Cell Growth; Apoptosis And Necrosis, Stem Cells And Maintenance of Adult Tissues, Hematopoiesis, Embryonic Stem Cells and Therapeutic Cloning.
 - Unit :4 CANCER BIOLOGY: Development and causes Of Cancer; Genetic 10 Hrs Basis of Cancer; Oncogenes, Tumor Viruses; Molecular Approach to Cancer Treatment.
 - Unit: 5 ADVANCED METHODS IN CELL BIOLOGY: 10 Hrs Ultracentrifugation, Fluorescence Microscopy- FACS, Confocal Microscopy, Electron Microscopy, Plant and Animal Cell Culture, Immunohistochemistry.
 - Unit: 6 ENDOCRINE SYSTEM: Endocrine organs, hormonesclassification, Hierarchy, interplay, dynamic balance and regulation of their secretions. Functions of the hormones of Hypothalamus, Pituitary, Adrenal, Thyroid, pancreas and Gonads.Concept of receptors- Membrane and cytosolic. Mechanism of hormone action -Steroid hormone and Peptide hormone (second messengers hypothesis. Eg: cAMP, DAG, IP3).

PRACTICALS

- 1 Isolation of WBC using fical reagent method
- 2 Study of cell viability /death assay by use of trypan blue and MTT assay.
- **3** Study of apoptosis through analysis of DNA fragmentation patterns in mitochondria.
- **4** Identification and study of cancerous cells using permanent slides and photomicrographs.
- 5 Antigen-Antibody reaction
- 6 Cell counting methods: counting using Haemocytometer.
- 7 Calibration of ocular micrometer and Measurement of average cell size using Stage micrometer
- 8 Separation of cell organelles by differential centrifugation and assay of marker enzymes. (2 Practicals)
- **9** Photographic demonstration of different types of cells.
- **10** Isolation of chloroplast by differential centrifugation & its identification.
- **11** Buccal smear- barr bodies
- 12 Identification of normal & abnormal karyotype using permanant slides
- 13 Estimation of iodine by titrometric method from commertial salt
- **14** Industrial /Institution visit

Note: Minimum of eight experiments to be done.

- 1. Cooper, G.M. and Hausman, R.E. 2009 The Cell: A Molecular Approach. 5th edition ASM Press & Sunderland, Washington, D.C.; Sinauer Associates, MA.
- **2.** Karp, G. 2010 Cell and Molecular Biology: Concepts and Experiments. 6 edition. JohnWiley & Sons. Inc.
- **3.** Alberts, B., Johnson, A., Lewis, J., and Enlarge, M. 2008 Molecular Biology of the Cell.5th ed., Garland Science (Princeton).
- **4.** Lodish, H., Berk, A., Zipursky, S.L., Matsudaira, P., Baltimore, D. and Darnell. J. 2012. Molecular Cell Biology. 7th ed., W.H. Freeman & Company (New York).

DMF21206/ DMF21207

SEMESTER VI

DSE-2: PLANT BIOCHEMISTRY

(Credits: Theory – 04, Practical – 01)

Theory: 60 Hrs

Course Outcome: After completion of the course the student is able to;

- CO1: Specify the characteristics of plant cell structure
- CO2: Deliberate in detail with examples photosynthesis
- CO3: Understand the detail of nitrogen metabolism
- CO4: Learn in detail with examples secondary metabolites
- Unit:1 INTRODUCTION TO PLANT CELL STRUCTURE: Plasma 5Hr membrane, Vacuole and tonoplast membrane, cell wall, plastids and peroxisomes.
- Unit :2 PHOTOSYNTHESIS & CARBON ASSIMILATION: Structure of PSI 14Hr and PSII complexes, Light reaction, Cyclic and non cyclic photophosphorylation, Calvin cycle and regulation; C4 cycle and Crassulacean acid metabolism (CAM), Photorespiration.
- Unit :3 NITROGEN METABOLISM: Biological Nitrogen fixation by free living and in symbiotic association, structure and function of enzyme Nitrogenase. Nitrate assimilation: Nitrate and Nitrite reductase. Primary and secondary ammonia assimilation in plants; ammonia assimilation by Glutamine synthetase-glutamine oxoglutarate amino transferase (GS-GOGAT) pathway. Seed storage proteins in legumes and cereals.
- **Unit :4 REGULATION OF PLANT GROWTH:** Introduction to plant **7Hr** hormones and their effect on plant growth and development, Regulation of plant morphogenetic processes by light.
- Unit :5 SECONDARY METABOLITES: Representatives alkaloid group and their amino acid precursors, function of alkaloids, Examples of major phenolic groups; simple phenylpropanoids, Coumarins, Benzoic acid derivatives, flavonoids, tannins and lignin, biological role of plant phenolics, Classification of terpenoids and representative examples from each class, biological functions of terpenoids.
- Unit :6 PLANT TISSUE CULTURE: Cell and tissue culture techniques, types of cultures: organ and explants culture, callus culture, cell suspension culture and protoplast culture. Plant regeneration pathways: organogenesis and somatic embryogenesis. Applications of cell and tissue culture and somoclonal variation.

PRACTICALS

- **1** Induction of hydrolytic enzymes β-galactosidase during germination
- 2 Extraction and assay of Urease from Jack bean
- 3 Estimation of carotene in fruits and vegetables
- 4 Estimation of ascorbic acid in fruits and vegetables
- 5 Estimation of phenols in fruits and vegetables
- 6 Estimation of tannins in fruits and vegetables
- 7 Culture of plant plants (explants)
- 8 Extraction of genomic DNA from coconut endosperm, quantification & determination of its purity by Spectrophotometric method.(2 Practicals)
- 9 Extraction of RNA from spinach leaves
- **10** Estimation of DNA by DPA method
- 10 Estimation of RNA by orcinol method
- **11** Extraction of Starch from potato
- **12** Extraction Casein from milk
- **13** Extraction of polyphenols
- **14** Industrial /Institution visit

Note: Minimum of eight experiments to be done.

- 1. Plant Biochemistry (2008), Caroline Bowsher, Martin steer, Alyson Tobin, Garland science ISBN 978-0-8153-4121-5.
- **2.** Biochemistry and molecular Biology of plant-Buchanan. (2005) 1 edition. Publisher: IK International. ISBN-10: 8188237116, ISBN-13: 978-8188237111.
- **3.** Plant Biochemistry by P.M Dey and J.B. Harborne (Editors) (1997) Publisher: Academic Press ISBN-10:0122146743, ISBN-13:978-01221467.

Pattern of Question Paper Semester I to VI Paper I to V and VII (DSC and DSE)

Time : 3 Hrs	Max Marks: 70
1. Answer all the questions	5 X 1 = 5
a b c d	
 Answer any five of the following questions 	5 X 3 = 15
a b c d	
 e f g 3. Answer any four of the following questions 	4 X 5 = 20
a b	
d e f	
4. Answer any three questions of the following	3 X 10 = 30
a b c d	
e	

(Note- 10 Marks may be divided in to 6+4 or 5+5)

Pattern of Question Paper Semester V Paper VI (SEC)

Time : 2 Hrs	Max Marks: 35
1. Answer all the questions	5 X 1 = 5
a b c d e	
2. Answer any five of the following questions	5 X 3 = 15
a b c d	
e f g	
 3. Answer any three of the following questions a b 	3 X 5 = 15
c d	

e. -----